CLASS: VIII

SUBJECT : COMPUTER SCIENCE

Tim	e:31	ırs			MM: 80
Q1.	Choo shee		e correct answer	and wri	te it in the answer (10x1=10)
	(a)	A se	of characters tha	t represe	ent a valid value.
		(i)	Record	(ii)	Data
		(iii)	Field	(iv)	Table
	(b)		evice that connect ces to form a wirele		ess communication ork.
		(i)	WAN	(ii)	Ethernet Cable
		(111)	WAP	(iv)	Nodes
	(c)	Shor	rtcut key used to q	uit MS-A	Access.
		(i)	Ctrl + Q	(ii)	Alt + S
		(iii)	Ctrl + W	(iv)	Alt + F4
	(d)	It is pers		rk creat	ed for an individual
		(i) [.]	WAN	(ii)	PAN
		(iii)	LAN	(iv)	MAN
	(e)		used to change appared a	pearance	e and size of various
		(i)	Design View	(ii) ₍	Layout View
		(111)	Form View	(iv)	Print View
	(f)		se are the set of ru uld be transferred		determine how data work.
		(i)	Cables	(ii)	Hubs
		(iii)	Protocol	(iv).	Cards
	(g)		neans protecting		nd resources from

		(ii)	Network Security		
ii		(iii)	Network Topology		
10 11		(iv)	None of these		
	(h)	Year	in which Blogger wa	as lau	nched.
		(i)	1987	(ii)	1988
		(iii)	1999	(iv)	2000
	(i)	Prop	erty used to set mu	ltiple	criteria in a Query.
		(i)	Show	(ii)	Sort
		(iii)	ON	(iv)	OR
	(j)		ocol with which comp municate with each		connected to internet
		(i)	FTP	(ii)	HTTP
		(iii)		(iv)	SMTP
Q2.	Give	one v	word answer for the	follow	ing statements :
					(10x1=10)
	(-1	T+ 40	the most commonly	heed	network card

Network Architecture

- It is the most commonly used net (a)
- Name the founder of Skype. (b)
- Shortcut key to save changes and close the table in (c) MS-Access.
- Number of languages into which a message can be (d) translated in skype.
- It refers to a computer network restricted to an (e) organisation.
- 'View' in which we can enter, edit and view data in (f) a Form.
- Term used for computers that are connected to a (g) server.
- This property allows us to filter the data either in (h) ascending or descending order.
- Standard filename extension for database in Access (i) 2016.

	(j)	This acts as a cen	tral p	oint of connection for all and every computer plugs				
7.0		into it.						
00	A	er the following que	estion	s: (6x3=18)				
Q3.		What are 'Relation						
	(a)							
	(b)	Explain 'Mesh' top						
	(c)	What do you unde	owe	in which a Report can be				
	(d)	displayed in Acces		, III WILLCH & Report				
11-31		What is a 'Query'?		e ils ivnes				
	(e)	what is a guery:	rotan	d by 'Local Area Network'?				
	(f)	What do you unde	C. II.	ring (write two points each)				
Q4.	Diffe	erentiate between the	e Ionor	wing (write two points each). (5x3=15)				
		Flat file and Relat	ional	Aller ville				
	(a)							
	(p)	Short Text and Lo		At datatype				
	(c)	Forms and Repor	IS.					
	(d)	Skype and Blog						
	(e)	MAN and WAN		(6x2=12)				
Q5.	Wri	te notes on :		apple of the second sec				
	(a)	Validation Text	(p)	Real Time Communication				
	(c)	Multimedia	(d)	Primary Key				
	(e)	Modem	(f)	Network Topology				
Q6.	Cor	nplete the following atence in the answe	senter r shee	nces and rewrite the complete et : (5x1=5)				
	(a)			used to store monetory data.				
	(b)	In net	work .	few computers having equal				
	(2)	capacity and capability are connected to each other.						
	(c)	A key	is a v	alue in one table that must				
	2147.18	match primary l	key of	other table.				
	(d)							
			(m)					

- (c) _____ is a popular Plug-In that plays streaming audio/video files.
- Q7. Consider a 'Books' table in a 'Library' database and answer the questions :

	BOOKNAME	CATEGORY	ACCESSION NUMBER	PRICE	ISSUEDATE
1	Reader's Digest	Magazine	440124SR	140	12/12/16
>	IT Tools	Coursebook	790126JR	340	11/05/17
	India Today	Magazine	347994SR	110	09/09/17
	Treasure Island	Coursebook	790127JR	145	11/09/17

- (a) Name the datatype used for Issue Date and Accession Number.
 (2)
- (b) Which field can be kept as 'Primary key'. (1)
- (c) Write 'Validation Rule' and 'Validation Text' for following fields:
 - (i) Category should accept either "Magazine" or "Coursebook". (2)
 - (ii) Price should be above 50 and less than 500.
- (d) Identify the table elements marked as (i) and (ii).
- Q8. (a) Sudhankar is a CEO of a multinational company. He has to interact with national heads of 5 companies together. Which feature of 'Skype' will allow him to share his computer screen with all other heads involved in the call.
 - (b) Raman has setup a new office which is fully computerized. Name the topology used in his office if all the nodes are connected in a circular manner.

ANNUAL EXAMINATION

CLASS: VIII

SUBJECT: SCIENCE

Time: 3 hours

MM: 80

General Instructions :

- (i) This paper consists of three sections A, B and C.
- (ii) Marks are indicated against each question.
- (iii) Draw neat and well labelled diagrams wherever required.

SECTION-A (PHYSICS)

Q1. Answer in one word or one sentence:

(5x1=5)

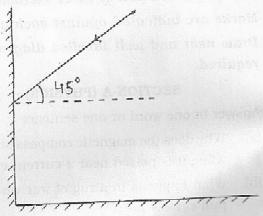
- (a) Why does the magnetic compass show deflection when it is placed near a current carring wire?
- (b) What happens in a tug of war when two teams pull equally hard?
- (c) Name the planet which is also known as 'Red Planet'.
- (d) Why does the filament of a bulb gets heated when electric current passes through it?
- (e) A rocket has been fired upwards to launch a satellite in its orbit. Name the two forces acting on the rocket immediately after it leaves the launching pad.
- Q2. Answer briefly:

(4x2=8)

- (a) Why do porters place a thick round piece of cloth on their heads when they have to carry heavy loads?
- (b) Is it safe for the electrician to carry out electrical repairs outdoors during heavy downpour? Explain.

- (c) Differentiate between new moon and full moon day.
- (d) Two plane mirrors are inclined at 90° to each other in the given figure. A ray of light is incident on one of the mirrors as shown in the figure.

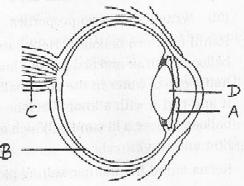
 Draw the reflected ray from the second mirror.



Q3. Answer the following:

(3x3=9)

- (a) (i) Draw a sketch to show the relative position of prominent stars in Orion.
 - (ii) Name the star which can be located with the help of Orion.
- (b) (i) What is electroplating?
 - (ii) Which electrolyte should we use if we want to electroplate copper over iron?
 - (iii) Why is zinc coated on iron bridges?
- (c) (i) A man exerts a pressure of 12 Pascal by applying a force of 84N on a box. Calculate the area over which the force is applied.
 - (ii) Give an example where force changes the shape of an object.



- (a) Label the parts A. B. C and D in the human eye.
- (b) What are the functions of part A?
- (c) Why can an eagle see clearly during the day but not at night?

SECTION-B (CHEMISTRY)

- Q1. Answer in one word or one sentence: (5x1=5)
 - (a) Name the only metal which is found in liquid state at room temperature.
 - (b) We are not advised to sleep in a closed room with burning coal. Give reason.
 - (c) Write any two uses of plastics in health care industry.
 - (d) Mention two conditions under which water cannot be used as a fire extinguisher.
 - (e) All plastics are made up of long chain molecules called ______.
- Q2. Answer briefly :

· (4x2=8)

- (a) 'X' is a synthetic fibre made from a raw material obtained from plants.
 - (i) Identify 'X'.

- (ii) Name the raw material used to prepare 'X'.
- (iii) Write its any two properties.
- (b) Rahul took two balloons. He inflated one of the balloons with air and tied it with a knot. He poured half a cup of water in the other balloon, inflated it and tied it with a knot. Then he put both the balloons above a lit candle. Which one will burst first and why?
- (c) Reena found her mother storing pickle in metal container. She advised her mother to use plastic container instead of metal.
 - (i) Which value is shown by Reena?
 - (ii) Why is plastic preferred over metals for storing pickles?
- (d) Name the metal or non-metal used for the following:
 - (i) making foil for wrapping food
 - (ii) in crackers
 - (iii) water purification
 - (iv) as a fertilizer

Q3. Answer the following:

(3x3=9)

- (a) (i) What is a fuel?
 - (ii) Write any three characteristics of an ideal fuel.
 - (iii) Which unit is used to express the calorific value of a fuel?
- (b) Rohit took some dilute hydrochloric acid in a test tube and added a small pellet of an element 'A' to it. On bringing a burning matchestick near the mouth of the test tube a pop sound was heard.

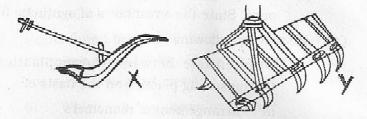
(4)

- (i) Classify the element 'A' as a metal or a non-metal.
- (ii) Pop sound indicates the evolution of ____ gas.
- (iii) How is rust formed? Explain with the help of an equation.
- (e) Most people prefer synthetic fibres to the natural ones. State the advantages of synthetic fibres.
- Q4. Answer the following:
 - (a) Differentiate between thermoplastics and thermosetting plastics on the basis of
 - (i) arrangement of monomers
 - (ii) effect of heat
 - (b) Give two examples each of thermoplastic and thermosetting plastic.
 - (c) As a student, suggest any one way in which you can minimise the overuse of plastics.

SECTION-C (BIOLOGY)

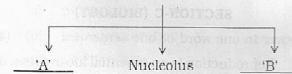
- Q1. Answer in one word or one sentence : (4x1=4)
 - (a) Reproduction is an essential life process. Justify the statement.
 - (b) Identify the unicellular organisms from the ones given below:
 - hydra, amoeba, paramecium, bread mould
 - (c) Why do young people get acne and pimples on their face during adolescence?
 - (d) Reproductive phase in females begins with _____ (10-12 years) and ends at menopause (45-50 years).

- Use of manures in the field is cons .ered advantageous over fertilisers. State any two differences between manures and fertilisers.
- (b) Identify the given agricultural implements 'X' and 'Y' and name the agricultural practice each is used for.



- Draw a neat and well labelled diagram showing asexual reproduction in amoeba.
- (d) Complete the following flow chart and answer the question that follows:

Parts of Nucleus



What is the function of part 'B' which can be seen only when the cell divides?

Q3. Answer the following:

(3x3=9)

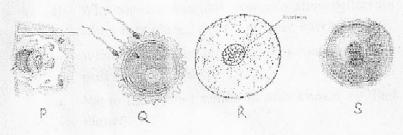
- Give reason for the following:
 - Amit lives near a pond. He always notices tadpoles in water but no frogs.
 - (ii) Diabetics are given insulin injections.
 - (iii) Voice becomes hoarse in adolescent boys.
- (b) (i) Define crop.

- (ii) India has two major cropping patterns -Kharif and Rabi. What is the difference between them? Give example of each.
- (c) Although a woman is often blamed for not giving birth to a male child, it is actually the nature of the sperm that determines the sex of the child. Explain the mechanism of sex determination with the help of a flow chart.

Q4. Answer the following:

(5

(a) The figures given below represent different stages of reproduction in humans. Study them carefully and answer the questions that follow:



- (i) Identify the stages 'Q' and 'S'.
- (ii) Arrange the stages P, Q, R and S in the correct sequence of development.
- (iii) Define the process represented in figure Q.
- (b) What is the full form of IVF? Under what conditions do the doctors recommend this technique in females?

वार्षिक परीक्षा

2/2018

कक्षा : आडवीं विषय : हिन्दी

समय : 3 घंटे

पूर्णांक : 80

(खण्ड - क)

प्र1. निम्नलिखित गद्यांश को पढ़कर नीचे लिखे प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए :घर वालों से शिष्ट व्यवहार करना उत्तना ही ज़रूरी है, जितना कि बाहर वालों
से। घर में दूसरों का ख्याल रखने और अच्छा व्यवहार करने से नज़दीकी और
अपनापन बढ़ता है। विनम्रता का मतलब है - अच्छी तहज़ीब का पालन।
खुद को संतुष्टि देने के साथ ही विनम्रता और शिष्ट व्यवहार के और भी कई
फायदे हैं, किंतु फिर भी लोग विनम्रता का पालन नहीं करते। कठोर और असभ्य
लोग थोड़े समय के लिए सफल हो सकते हैं, मगर ज्यादातर लोग ऐसे व्यवहार
वालों से दूर रहना चाहते हैं, और आखिरकार ऐसे लोग नापसंद किए जाते हैं।
बच्चों को बचपन से ही विनम्न व्यवहार की शिक्षा सीखनी चाहिए ताकि बड़े
होकर वे सभ्य, समझदार और दूसरों का ख्याल रखने वाला बन सकों। एक बार
विनम्न व्यवहार सीख लें, तो वह उम्न-भर साथ रहता है। यह दूसरों का ख्याल
रखने और संवेदनशील होने के नज़िरए को दर्शाता है। ऐसी बातें बहुत छोटी
और साधारण लगती हैं, लेकिन इंसान को बहुत दूर तक ले जाती हैं। उदाहरण
के लिए - 'कृपया', 'शुकिया', 'धन्यवाद' और 'मुझे क्षमा कर दीजिए' जैसे चंद

(क) शिष्ट व्यवहार क्यों आवश्यक है? कार्य का आवश्यक

(ख) अशिष्ट व कठोर लोगों का जीवन पूर्ण रूप से सफल क्यों नहीं होता है?

(1)

ग) बच्चों का व्यवहार कैसा होना चाहिए? (1)

(घ) किन शब्दों में जादू का असर होता है?

(ङ) गद्यांश के लिए उचित शीर्षक लिखिए। (1)

प्र2. निम्निलिखित काव्यांश को पढ़कर दिए गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए :लहरों से डरकर नौका पार नहीं होती,
कोशिश करने वालों की कभी हार नहीं होती।
नन्हीं चींटी जब दाना लेकर चलती है,
चढ़ती दीवारों पर, सौ बार फिसलती है।
मन का विश्वास रगों में साहस भरता है,
चढ़कर गिरना, गिरकर चढ़ना न अखरता है।
आखिर उसकी मेहनत बेकार नहीं होती,
कोशिश करने वालों की कभी हार नहीं होती।

🌕 🌅 डुबिकियाँ सिंधु में गोताखोर लगाता है, 🖰 जा-जाकर खाली हाथ लीटकर आता है। मिलते नहीं सहज ही मोती गहरे पानी में, बढ़ता दुगना उत्साह इसी हैरानी में। मुट्ठी उसकी खाली हर बार नहीं होती, कोशिश करने वालों की कभी हार नहीं होती। असफलता एक चुनौती है, इसे स्वीकार करो, क्या कमी रह गई, देखो और सुधार करो। जब तक न सफल हो, नींद-चैन को त्यागो तुम, संघर्ष का मैदान छोड़कर मत भागो तुम। कुछ किए विना ही जय-जयकार नहीं होती, कोशिश करने वालों की कभी हार नहीं होती। कवि के अनुसार किसकी हार नहीं होती? (1)नन्हीं चींटी की सफलता का क्या रहस्य है? (ख) (1) कवि ने जीवन की चुनौती किसे कहा है? मनुष्य उस पर विजय कैसे प्राप्त कर सकता है? (2) (घ) काव्यांश में से दो 'अनुप्रास अलंकार' के उदाहरण छाँटकर लिखिए। (खण्ड - ख) निर्देशानुसार उत्तर दीजिए :-(क) अनुस्वार का प्रयोग करके दो शब्द लिखिए। (1) (ख) दिए गए शब्द में से उपसर्ग व प्रत्यय अलग करके लिखिए :-(1) अनेकता प्रश्नवाचक सर्वनाम का एक उदाहरण वाक्य में लिखिए। (1) निम्नलिखित वाक्य में विशेषण रेखांकित कर भेद लिखिए :-(1) राजेश ने चार किलो चावल खरीदे। (क) निम्नलिखित वाक्यों में संरचना के आधार पर क्रिया रेखांकित कर भैद लिखिए:-(2)मैं पत्र लिखुँगा। (i) बच्चों ने पुस्तकें खरीद ली हैं। निम्नलिखित बाक्यों में कोष्ठक में दिए गए निर्देशों के अनुसार काल परिवर्तन कीजिए :-

हेमा नृत्य सीखेगी। (सामान्य वर्तमानकाल) मैंने कविता लिखी। (आसन्न भूतकाल)

94.

(ii)

	(ग)	निम्नलिखित वाक्यों में रेखांकित क्रिया-विशेषण शब्दों के भेद बत	ाइए :-
((1)
		(i) रोहन अभी-अभी गया है।	
()		(ii) बिजली <u>अचानक</u> चली गई।	
	(ঘ)	रिक्त स्थानों को अव्यय द्वारा पूरा कीजिए :-	(1)
		(i) वह गरीब है ईमानदार है।	
		(ii) पेड़ चिड़िया का बच्चा बैठा है।	
	(ङ)	नीचे लिखे याक्य में उचित स्थान पर विराम-चिह्न लगाइए :-	(1)
		आधुनिक युग में तड़क भड़क को विशेष महत्व दिया जाता है	
	(ঘ)	नीचे लिखे वाक्य में उद्देश्य और विधेय छाँटकर लिखिए :-	(1)
		माताजी ने गरीबों को खाना खिलाया।	
प्र5.	(क)	नीचे लिखे शब्दों के विलोम शब्द लिखिए :-	(1)
		गुप्त, क्रय	
	(ন্ত্ৰ)	दिए गए शब्द के दो पर्यायवाची शब्द लिखिए :-	(1)
		किनारा	(1)
	(ग)	निम्नलिखित मुहाबरे का वाक्य में प्रयोग कीजिए :-	(1)
		आँख पथरा जाना	(1)
		(खण्ड - ग)	
ਸ਼6.	ं निर्म्ना	लेखित काव्यांश को पढ़कर नीचे दिए गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए :	
		कबिहें बढ़ैगी चोटी?	
	किती	बार मोहिं दूध पियत भई, यह अजहूँ है छोटी।	
	तू जो	कहित बल की बेनी ज्यों, है है लॉबी-मोटी	
		-गुहत न्हवावत जैहै, नागिनी-सी भुईं लोटी	
		दूध पियावत पचि-पचि, देति न माखन-रोटी।	
	सूर चि	ररजीवी दोउ भैया, हरि-इलधर की जोटी।	
	(क)	बलराम की चोटी की विशेषता बताइए।	(1)
	(ख)	कृष्ण का प्रिय खाद्य पदार्थ क्या है? माँ यशोदा उन्हें क्या देती हैं?	(2)
	(ग)	सूरदास जी कृष्ण और बलराम को क्या आशीर्वाद देते हैं?	(1)
	(日)	'पुनरुक्ति प्रकाश' अलंकार तथा 'उपमा' अलंकार का एक-एक उदा	हरण
		छाँटकर लिखिए।	(1)
я7.	(क)	'ध्यनि' कविता की भाषागत विशेषताएँ बताइए।	(2)
	(ख)	द्वारका से लौटते समय सुदामा की मनोदशा का वर्णन कविता 'सुदामाच	रित'
		के आधार पर कीजिए।	(2)

	(II)	'कबीर की साखियाँ नैतिक मूल्यों की शिक्षा देती हैं' - दो उदाहर	ण द्वारा
		स्पष्ट कीजिए।	(2)
я8.	निर्मा	लेखित गद्र्यांश को पढ़कर नीचे लिखे प्रश्नों के उत्तर लिखिए :-	9
	सूरज	की सुनहरी किरणों में समुद्र का नीला जल झिलमिला रहा था। चट्ट	ानों को
	भिगोत	नी हुई समुद्र की लहरों में गीत के स्वर फूट रहे थे। लहरों का य	ह गीत
	दूर-दूर	: तक गूँज रहा था।	
	साँप र	ने सुना, लहरें मधुर स्वर में गा रही हैं।	in the last
	हमारा	यह गीत उन साहसी लोगों के लिए है जो अपने प्राणों को इथेली प	पर रखे
	हुए यू	मते हैं।	
	(क)	गद्यांश में लिखे प्राकृतिक सौन्दर्य का वर्णन अपने शब्दों में लिखिए	(2)
	(ख)	लहरों के गीत में किसके लिए व क्या भाव छिपा है?	(1)
я9.	निम्न	लेखित प्रश्नों के उत्तर विस्तार से दीजिए : (3)	(3=9)
() 	·(क)	'मशीनी युग के कारण अनेक परिवर्तन आए हैं' - 'लाख की व	वडियाँ'
		पाठ के आधार पर परिवर्तन के लाभ व हानि दोनों लिखिए।	e(· · ·
	(ख)	'जहाँ पहिया है' पाठ के आधार पर लिखिए कि पुडुकोर्ट्ड की मार्	हेलाओं
		के जीवन को पहिए ने कैसे आत्मनिर्भर बना दिया?	
	(ग)	- 'बस की यात्रा' पाठ में व्यंग्यकार सविनय अवज्ञा आंदोलन का	वर्णन
		करके क्या स्पष्ट करना चाहते हैं?	
я10.	(क)	निम्नलिखित शब्दों के अर्थ लिखिए :-	(2)
		निमित्त, यकीन, असीम, अगुवा	
	(ख)	निम्नलिखित शब्दों का वाक्य में प्रयोग कीजिए :-	(2)
		ग्रामीण, सुरक्षित	
प्र11.	'बस व	की यात्रा' पाठ एक यात्रा वृत्तांत है। लेखक ने अपनी यात्रा के ख	ट्रे-मीठे
		व का वर्णन किया है। आप भी अपनी किसी ऐसी अविस्मरणीय या	
		कीजिए।	(3)
		अथवा	

प्र12. निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों के उत्तर उपन्यास 'गजमुक्ता की तलांश' के आधार पर लिखिए :-

कर सकते हैं?

(क) हंसमुक्ता के सींदर्य का वर्णन कीजिए। (ख) अम्मा अंग्रेज़ अफ्सरों को देखकर ज़रा भी नहीं घबराई। मुश्किल समय में साहस से बड़ा कोई हथियार नहीं होता। तर्क द्वारा स्पष्ट कीजिए।

'भगवान के डाकिए' कविता आज के संदर्भ में कितनी सटीक है? इसका वर्णन करते हुए बताइए कि आप अपने किन-किन कार्यों द्वारा देश के प्रति प्रेम प्रकट 'गजमुक्ता की तलाश' एक मित्रता व देशप्रेम पर आधारित उपन्यास है। आप एक श्रेष्ठ मित्र कैसे बन सकते हैं? स्पष्ट कीजिए। (3)

(खण्ड = घ)

प्र13. योगाभ्यास से होने वाले लाभ पर दो मित्रों के वीच हुई वातचीत को संवाद के रूप में लिखिए। (4)

प्र14. बच्चों की संस्था 'सदाबहार' हाथ से बनी बस्तुओं की बिक्री करना चाहती है। उसके लिए सुंदर व आकर्षक विज्ञापन तैयार कीजिए। (3)

प्र15. नीचे दिए चित्र को देखकर 25-30 शब्दों में एक अनुच्छेद लिखिए। (3



प्र16. आपके घर के पास पूजा-स्थल में रात-दिन लाउड-स्पीकर का शोर होता है जिससे लोगों को कठिनाई होती है। इस बात की शिकायत करते हुए थानाध्यक्ष को पत्र लिखिए। (5)

अथवा

स्वदेशी बस्तुओं का महत्त्व बताते हुए अपने छोटे भाई को पत्र लिखिए।

प्र17. निम्नलिखित विषयों में से किसी एक विषय पर 250 शब्दों में निबंध लिखिए:-

(5)

- (क) महानगरों में बढ़ता ट्रैफ़िक जाम
- (ख) राष्ट्र हमारा, हमको प्यारा
- (ग) अपने लिए जिए तो क्या जिए

ANNUAL EXAMINATION

CLASS: VIII

SUBJECT: ENGLISH

General Instructions:

- (i) Read the questions carefully.
- (ii) Number the answers as given in the question paper.
- (iii) Write in a neat and clear handwriting.
- (iv) Write the answers in complete sentences.

SECTION-A (READING)

Q1. Read the passage given below and answer the questions that follow: (7)

It is not surprising that the shameful practice of child labour should have played an important role in the Industrial Revolution. The displaced working classes, from the seventeen century on, took it for granted that a family would not be able to support itself if the children were not employed. In those days, it was thought admirable that scarcely anybody above the age of four was idle. The economic conditions were such that the children of the poor were forced to work.

Charles Dickens, the greatest English novelist of the era, started working in the Blacking factory at the age of twelve as his family was in the debtor's prison. In 1840, perhaps only twenty percent of the children of London had any schooling; a number which had risen by 1860, when perhaps half of the children between 5 and 15 were in some sort of school, if only a day school or a Sunday school; the others were working. Many of the more fortunate found employment as apprentices in respectable trades or as general servants.

Many children worked 16-hours a day under atrocious conditions as their elders did. Ineffective parliamentary acts to regulate the work of workhouse children in factories and cotton mills to 12 hours per day had been passed as early as 1802 and 1819. After radical agitation, in 1831, when "Short Time Committees" organised largely by Evangelicals began to demand a 10-hours a day, a royal commission established by the whig government recommended in 1833 that children aged 11-18 be permitted to work a maximum of twelve hours per day; children aged 9-11 be allowed to work eight hours per day; and children under

9 were no longer allowed to work at all. This act applied only to the textile industry where children were put to work at the age of 5, and not to a host of other industries and occupations. In iron and coal mines, gas works, shipyards, construction, match factories, nail factories and the business of chimney sweeping, for instance where, the exploitation of child labour was more extensive, the ban was enforced in all of England much later. After further radical agitation, another act in 1847 limited both adults and children to ten hours of work per day. (1)

- What was taken for granted by the displaced working classes? (a)
- (1) At what age did Charles Dickens start working? Why? (b)
- What did the act passed by the government in 1833 recommend? (c)
- Name any two industries where children were employed as labourers. (1) (d)
- In 1847, an act was passed which limited (e)
- Find the words from the passage that mean the same as given below: (f) $(2x^{1/2}=1)$
 - horrifying or brutal (i)
- the act of treating someone unfairly (ii) Q2. Read the poem given below and answer the questions that follow:

(6)

I stayed with her when I was six then went To live elsewhere when I was eight years old. For ages I remembered her faint scent Of lavender, the way she'd never scold No matter what I'd done, and most of all The way her smile seemed, somehow, to enfold My whole world like a warm, protective shawl.

· I knew that I was safe when she was near, She was so tall, so wide, so large, she would Stand mountainous between me and my fear, Yet Oh, so gentle, and she understood Every hope and dream I ever had. She praised me lavishly when I was good, But never punished me when I was bad. Years later war broke out and I became A soldier and was wounded while in France. Back home in hospital, still very lame,

Ire	ealised suddenly that circumstance
Ha	d brought me close to that small town where she
Wa	as living still. And so I seized the chance
to	write and ask if she could visit me.
Sh	ne came. And I still vividly recall
th	e shock that I received when she appeared
11.	at dark gloudy day. Huge grannie was so small
Α	tiny frail old lady. It was weird.
Si	he hobbled through the ward to where I lay
A	nd drew quite close and, hesitating, peer d.
A	ad then she smiled : and love lit up the day.
	At what age did the narrator stay with his grandmother and when did he
(c	leave her?
	him when he did
	good but never him when he did wrong.
	the checker refer to? What profession did the speaker
() ()	c) Which war did the speaker role to (2) choose?
	did the parrator and his grandmother share? (1)
(What kind of relationship the than the same as given below: $(2x^{1/2}=1)$ Find the words from the poem which mean the same as given below: $(2x^{1/2}=1)$
- 1	(f) Find the words from the poem which mean the same so g
	(i) took hold of
	(ii) looked with concentration or difficulty
	SECTION-B (WRITING)
U3	You are Arvind/Anushka, secretary of the Eco-Club of your school. Your school
Q3.	is celebrating 'Ban the Plastic Week' to create awareness regarding harms
	plactic. Draft a suitable notice in not more than 50 words.
	Read the outlines of the story carefully and develop them into a story. Also suggest (4)
Q4.	
	a suitable title. Mighty king ruled Roshanpur — wanted people to be happy — wanted to find — Mighty king ruled Roshanpur — wanted people to be happy — wanted for help
	Mighty king ruled Rosnanput — wanted people — fell into a pit — cried for help able and honest people — disguised as a beggar — fell into a pit — cried for help
	— no one replied — king lost hope and realized no kindness left in people's hear
	— no one replied — king lost nope and round — a small boy — rescued him — king decided — make him next prince.
	— a small boy — rescued him — a small boy —
Q5.	Write a letter to the Editor of a newspaper highlighting the issue of growing (6)
	impact of advertisements in a common man's life. (6)

SECTION-C (GRAMMAR)

9,090.6	المانية مانية مانية	e prepositions :		(4_/2=2)
36. Fill in	the blanks with suitabl	her friends (b)	th	e garden.
Garim	a was playing (a)	te cookies (c)	the jar (d)	
	other kept some chocold iildren.			
444	indicili	using suitable conjunctio	ns:	(2x1=2)
37. Join t	ne following schoolse the	assignment. She asked us	to complete it by	y Monday.
(a)	The teacher gave us the	te for his interview. He	didn't forget to	touch his
(b)	grandmother's feet.			
	grandmouser a resultati	ole degree of adjectives :		$(4x^{1/2}=2)$
	the planks with banks	means of transport ir	a traffic jam. (c	onvenient)
(a)	A bicycle is a	therainfall	in India. (high)	
(p)	Cherrapunji averages	singer than any other	girl in the acade	emy. (good)
(t) (c)	Monica is a	popular co	urse in our colle	ege. (more)
(d)	English (hons.) is the	popular us	nces :	(2x1=2)
Q9. Insc	rt appropriate punctua	tion marks in these sente		
(a)	Siya asked, Can I take			
(b)	wow! look at that wide	e eyed animal	- the blanks '	(4x½=2)
Q10. Use	the past continuous te	ense or simple past to fill i	(coll)	
(a)	(har	ve) his food when I	(Carry).	han) for her
(b)	I (met	Tanya yesterday. She _	(8	nop) for no-
v içeri ve il	wedding.			(4x½=2)
Q11. Co	mplete these sentences	using sultable determine	13.	Section .
(a)	You can buy red pen	s inbooks	nop.	
(b)	I had	biscuits in the morning.		
(c)	I don't mant	water, thank you.		
	anim	als care for their young or	nes.	
Q12. Re	ewrite these sentences af	ter inserting the given adve	erbs in the appro	$4x^{1/2}=2$
		ed the medicine before givi	ng it to the patio	ent. (carefull
(a) The doctor measure	es out for a walk in the ev	ening. (seldom)	L _o rgan
(b) My grandiather goe	(C-4)		
		(C-I)		

(c) The children created a lot of mess as they were shouting. (loudly) All the students participated in the function. (enthusiastically) (3x1=3)Q13. Change the following sentences into indirect speech: Aman said, "My father has bought a mechanical servant." Pragati said, "The children are distributing sweets." (b) Rohit said, "I will reach the airport at 6:00 am." (3x1=3)Q14. Change the voice of the following sentences: The thieves burgled the Nokia mobile store. (a) Meenal has spoken the correct answer. (b) The officer is checking the papers. (c) SECTION-D (LITERATURE) Q15. Read the extracts given below and answer the questions that follow: (3x1=3)"Gathered like pearls in their alien graves" Silent they sleep by the Persian waves". Name the poem and the poet. (a) Who does the word 'they' refer to in the above lines. (b) What does the phrase 'alien grayes' mean? "That is what I thought. And why was she waiting about all that time if she intended to come in?" Identify 'I' and 'she' in the above lines. (a) Where was she standing and waiting? (b) What excuse did she make to come in? Q16. Answer any THREE out of FOUR questions in about 30-40 words each : (3x2=6)Who was Anukul? Why was his master satisfied with him? How did Aditya cheat Sasanka Sanyal when they were studying together? (a) (b) Explain with reference to the story 'The Attic'. The woman in white saree tried to protect Arun at the railway station. How (c) did she do so? The stay at the doctor's clinic transformed Tricki miraculously. Explain (d) this statement.

- Q17. Answer any TWO out of THREE questions in about 30-40 words each : (2x2=4)
 - (a) What is the central idea of the poem 'Ozymandias'?
 - (b) In the poem, 'The Gift of India' what does the poet think about the Indian soldiers?
 - (c) What role did Tim, the ostler play in the poem 'The Highwayman?'
- Q18. Answer the following question in 70-80 words :

(1x4=4)

The poem 'The Highwayman' ended on a sad note. Elaborate this statement.

OR

In the poem, 'Inchcape Rock' Sir Ralph the Rover was caught in the trap which he had laid for others. How did he meet his tragic end?

Q19. Answer the following question in 80-100 words:

(1x5=5)

Why did the narrator live with his grandmother? What role did she play in his life?

OR

You are James Ryder. Write a diary entry describing the journey of the blue carbuncle from the Countess of Morcar's room to Holmes' hotel.

Q20. Answer the following question in 30-40 words:

(1x3=3)

How and why did Pip hope to disguise Provis?

Q21. Answer the following question in 80-100 words:

(1x5=5)

Who was Mr. Jagger's housekeeper? How did Pip come to know that the housekeeper and Estella were related to each other?

OR

Why did Pip go to the hut on the marshes? What happened in the hut and who saved him?

ANNUAL EXAMINATION

3/2018

CLASS: VIII

SUBJECT: MATHEMATICS

Time: 3 hrs

MM: 80

General Instructions:

- (i) All questions are compulsory.
- (ii) Read all questions very carefully.
- (iii) Questions 1 to 6 carry 1 mark each.
- (iv) Questions 7 to 12 carry 2 marks each.
- (v) Questions 13 to 22 carry 3 marks each.
- (vi) Questions 23 to 30 carry 4 marks each.
- Q1. Evaluate $\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{-4}$
- Q2. Name the axis on which the point (5. 0) lies.
- Q3. Find the product of 4p and 0.
- Q4. What is the possible value of x if 623x is a multiple of 9?
- Q5. Solve $\frac{6x}{5} = 30$
- Q6. Find the area of a rhombus whose diagonals are 8cm and 12cm respectively.
- Q7. Construct a rectangle ABCD where AB = 8cm and BC = 4cm.
- Q8. Find and correct the error in the given mathematical statement.

$$x + 7x + 13x = 20x$$

Q9. If Kiran had ₹ 600 left after spending 75% of her money. How much money did she have in the beginning? Q10. Find the value of A and B in

Q11. Express:

- (a) 3921000 in standard form.
- (b) 3.7×10^{-4} in usual form.
- Q12. Find the value of n for which $5^{-3} \times 5^n = 5^4$
- Q13. The sum of three consecutive multiples of 6 is 666. Find the multiples of 6.
- Q14. Factorise and then divide : 5z $(9x^2 16y^2) \div (3x + 4y)$
- Q15. Use the laws of exponents and simplify : $\frac{3^{-5} \times 3^{9}}{3^{3} \times 5^{2}}$
- Q16. Find the value of P, Q and R in

Q17. What amount is to be repaid on a loan of ₹ 12000 for

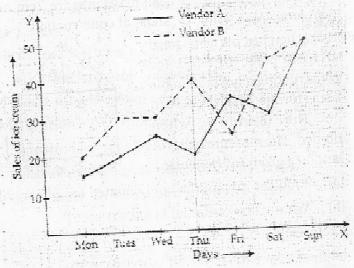
 $1\frac{1}{2}$ years at 10% per annum compounded half yearly?

- Q18. (a) Simplify $(a^2 + 5)(b^2 + 3) + 5$
 - (b) Show that

$$(a - b) (a + b) + (b + c) (b - c) + (c - a) (c + a) = 0$$

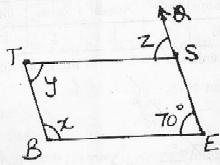
- Q19. Construct a quadrilateral PQRS where PQ = 4cm, QR = 6cm, RS = 5cm, PS = 5.5cm and PR = 7cm.
- Q20. Simran painted the outside of the cuboidal box of measure 50cm × 40cm × 25cm. How much surface area did she cover if she painted all surfaces except the bottom of the box?

Q21. The graph given below compares the sale of ice creams of two vendors for a week. Observe the graph and answer the following questions.



- (a) Which vendor has sold more ice cream on Friday?
- (b) For which day was the sale same for both the vendors?
- (c) On which two days was the sale same for vendor B?

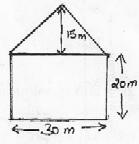
Q22. In the given parallelogram BEST if $\angle E = 70^{\circ}$, then find the values of x, y and z.



Q23. Solve and check the result : 3x - 7 = x + 5

Q24. Simplify using identities:

- (a) 103^2
- (b) (4a 9)(4a 9)
- Q25. Construct a rhombus whose diagonals are 7cm and 5cm long. Also write the steps of construction.
- Q26. Kamal donated his pentagonal shaped piece of land for constructing a hospital in his home town so that people can get the treatment when needed. The measurements of land are given in the figure.



- (a) Find the area of the land donated for a hospital.
- (b) What value of Kamal is shown here?

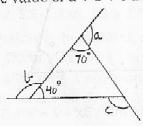
Q27. Factorise:

- (a) $x^2 xy + 8x 8y$ (b) $x^2 + 8x + 16$
- Q28. Rajat bought goods worth ₹ 7560 and spent ₹ 1440 on repair and packaging. He sold the goods for ₹9900. Find his overall gain or loss percent.
- Q29. The following table shows the number of books borrowed on each day of a week in a school library. Plot the information on the graph and state whether it is a linear graph or not?

Days	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday
Number of Books	15	20	25	30	35	40

(4

 $\overline{Q30}$. Find the value of a + b + c in the given figure.



विषयः - संस्कृतम्

समयः - होरात्रयम्

पूर्णाङ्काः - 80

निर्देशाः (t) अस्मिन् प्रश्नपत्रे चत्वारः खण्डाः सन्ति ।

- (ii) प्रतिखण्ड उत्तराणि पृथक् प्रदत्तायाम् उत्तरपुरितकायां लेखनीयानि ।
- (iii) प्रत्येकं खण्डं अधिकृत्य उत्तराणि एकस्मिन् स्थाने क्रमेण लेखनीयानि ।
- (iv) प्रश्नपत्रे उत्तराणि न लेखनीयानि ।
- (v) प्रश्नसंख्या प्रश्नपत्रानुसारं अवश्यमेव लेखनीया।
- (vi) सर्वेषां प्रश्नानां उत्तराणि संस्कृतेन लेखनीयानि ।

खण्डः 'क' (अपठित अवबोधनम्)

সন্থা: 10

प्र1. अधोलिखितम् अनुच्छेदं पठित्वा प्रदत्तप्रश्नानां उत्तराणि लिखत -

स्वच्छं पर्यावरणम् अरमाकं जीवनस्य आधारः अस्ति । पुष्पिताः पल्लविताः वृक्षाः पर्यावरणस्य आधाराः भवन्ति । प्रत्येकप्राणी श्वसनिक्रयायां प्राणवायुं गृह्णाति अपानवायोः च बिहः विसर्जनं करोति । वृक्षाणां श्वसनिक्रया तु मानवानां विपरीता अस्ति । अतः वृक्षैः पर्यावरणं शुद्धं भवति । वृक्षाः पर्यावरणं सन्तुलितं कुर्वन्ति । ते यथाकालं मेघानां वर्षणे सहायकाः भवन्ति । वृक्षाः भूमेः जलं गृह्णन्ति । अस्य जलस्य किञ्चित् भागं ते प्रयुज्यन्ते अवशिष्टं जलं च वाष्परूपेण पत्रेभ्यः बिहः निर्गच्छति । इदं जलं मेघानां निर्माणे सहायकं भवति । वृक्षाः पुष्पाणां फलानाम् औषधीनां च आगाराः सन्ति । वृक्षपादपानां हरीतिमा, तेषां पुष्पाणां शोभा पिक्षणां कलरवः च मानवानां कृते सुखदाः भवन्ति ।

I. एकपदेन उत्तरत -

 $(4x^{1/2}=2)$

- पृष्पिताः पल्लिवताः वृक्षाः कस्य आधाराः सन्ति?
- (ii) अवशिष्टं जलं वाष्परूपेण केभ्यः बहिः निर्गच्छति?
- (iii) स्वच्छं पर्यावरणं अस्माकं कस्य आधारः अस्ति?
- (iv) वृक्षाः भूमेः किम् गृह्णन्ति?

II. पूर्णवाक्येन उत्तरतं -

(2x2=4)

- (i) मानवानां कृते काः काः सुखदाः भवन्ति?
- (ii) वृक्षाः केषां आगाराः सन्ति?

III. यथानिर्देशम् उत्तरत -

 $(4x\frac{1}{2}=2)$

- (1) 'अविशिष्टं जलं' अनयोः पदयोः विशेषणपदम् किम् अस्ति?
- (ii) 'प्रत्येकप्राणी श्वसनक्रियायां प्राणवायुं गृह्णाति' अत्र 'गृह्णाति' क्रियापदस्य कर्तृपदम् किम् अस्ति?
- (iii) 'अशुद्धं' अस्य किम् विलोमपदम् अत्र प्रयुक्तम्?
- (iv) 'खगानां' अस्य किं पर्यायपदम् अत्र प्रयुक्तम्?
- IV. अस्य गद्यांशस्य कृते समुचितं शीर्षकं लिखत।

(2)

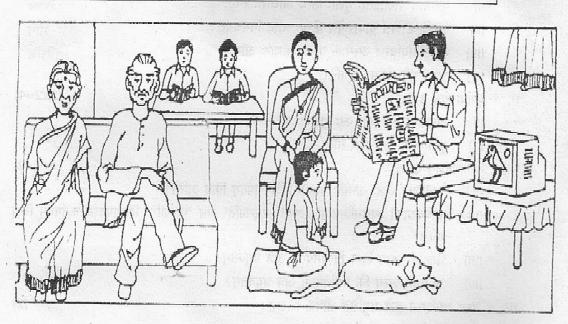
प्र2. स्वविद्यात्तयस्य वार्षिकोत्सवस्य वर्णयन् स्विमत्रं प्रति लिखितं पत्रं मञ्जूषायां प्रदत्तेः पदैः पूरिग्ना पुनः उत्तरपुस्तिकायाम् लिखत -

	<u> मञ्जूषा</u>	
प्रस्तुता, सुसंज्जितः, अहम्, नम	ास्ते, कुशलं, अवसरे, सुरेशः, कन्यायाः,	शिक्षानिर्देशक, चण्डीगढ़-नगरात्

स्तुता, सुसिञ्जितः, अहम्, नमस्ते, कुशलं, अवसरे, सुरेशः, कन्यायाः, शिक्षानिर्देशक, चण्डीगढ़-नगरात्
Control of the contro
्राप्ताना कर प्रतिकारिकान भूगवक प्रवास कोसीएक प्रतिकार प्रतिकार प्रतिकार प्रतिकार प्राप्तिक प्रतिकार (<u>१००)</u>
प्रिय मित्र रमेश!
सस्तेहं (ii)ा
अत्र (iii) तत्रास्तु । अस्मिन् पत्रे (iv) स्वविद्यालयस्य वार्षिकोत्सवस्य वर्णः
करोमि । अस्मिन् (v) मम विद्यालयः पत्रलताभिः (vi) आसीत् । (vii)
-महोदयः समारोहस्य मुख्यातिथिः आसीत्। छात्रैः एका लघुनाटिका (viii) एकस्या
(ix) नृत्यम् अपि अभवत् । मुख्यातिधिमहोदयेन पुरस्काराणां वितरणम् अपि कृतम् । शेर
मिलित्वा कथिष्यामि। अर्जनिकारिका अस्ति । अर्जनिकारिका अस्ति ।
र १९५९ हे । १९५८ वर्ष के प्रतिकृतिक प्रतिक प्रतिक विकास । इस्ति । इस्ति । इस्ति । इस्ति । इस्ति । इस्ति । अस्त
Personal with the company of the com
अधः पदत्तं चित्रं आधत्य मञ्जाषायां पदनशस्त्रामां सद्यायस्या पञ्च संस्कृतसम्बद्धाः विकास (८००, १०)

Я3.

पश्यति, पुस्तके, पठति, आसन्दिकायाम्, रिथता, आसने, गृहस्य, दूरदर्शनं, बालकः, महिला, पुरुषः, समाचारपत्रं, वृद्धः, वृद्धा, वालकौ, कुक्कुरः, भूमौ



		खण्डः 'ग' (अनुप्रयुक्त-व्याकरणम्)	अङ्गाः 25
я4.	अधीरि	लेखितवाक्येषु रेखांकितपदेषु सन्धिं सन्धिच्छेदं वा कृत्वा पुनः पूर्णवाक्यं लिखत -	(3x1=3)
	(i)	प्रधानाचार्यः वालकान् सम्बोधयति ।	
	(ii)	परम + ईश्वरः रांसारस्य रक्षकः अस्ति ।	
	(iii)	सैनिकः भो + अनम् प्रति गच्छति।	
я5.	मञ्जूष	पातः उचित-अव्ययपदं चित्वा रिक्तस्थानं पूरयत -	(4x½=2)
		मञ्जूषा । । । । । । । । । । । । । । । । । । ।	
		इंतस्ततः, उच्चैः, तत्र, परश्वः	
	(i)	वयं जयपुरनगरं गमिष्यामः।	
	(ii)	यत्र चिकित्सालयः रुग्णाः।	
	(iii)	रात्रौ कुक्कुराः भ्रमन्ति।	35919
	(iv)	ਨ <u>ਜਨ੍ਹਾਂ - 1858 <mark>ਪਾਠੰ ਪਠ</mark> ਪਲ ਜਲ੍ਹਾ ਦੇ ਜਨ੍ਹਾਂ ਜਨ੍ਹਾਂ ਦੇ ਜ਼ਿਲ੍ਹਾਂ ਦੇ ਜ਼ਿਲ੍ਹਾਂ ਦੇ ਜ਼ਿਲ੍ਹਾਂ ਦੇ ਜ਼ਿਲ੍ਹਾਂ ਜਨ੍ਹਾਂ ਜਨ੍ਹਾਂ ਦੇ ਜ਼ਿਲ੍ਹਾਂ ਜਨ੍ਹਾਂ </u>	
я6.	(क)	अधोलिखित-वाक्ययोः रेखांकितपदस्य प्रकृति-प्रत्ययौ पृथक् पृथक् कृत्वा अथवा संयोज्य	वाक्यानि
		ुपुनः लिखत -	(2x1=2)
		(i) लता पुस्तकं <u>आदाय</u> गृहम् गच्छति ।	
		(ii) राजा धनं <u>दा + तुमुन्</u> मन्दिरं गच्छति ।	
	(ख)	(i) क्त्वा प्रत्ययं संयोज्य वाक्यसंयोजनम् कुरुत -	(2x1=2)
		सीता ईश्वरं नमति। सा विद्यालयं गच्छति।	
		(ii) त्यप् प्रत्ययं संयोज्य वाक्यसंयोजनम् कुरुत -	
		बालकः विद्यालयात् आगच्छति । सः भोजनं करोति ।	
я7.	अधोरि	लेखितवाक्येषु अंकानां स्थाने संख्यावाचक-विशेषणैः रिक्तस्थानानि पूरियत्वा पुनः लिखत -	(3x1=3)
	(i)	शीतावकाशे वयं (51) छात्राः भ्रमणाय अगच्छन्।	
	(ii)	उद्याने (77) पुष्पाणि विकसंन्ति।	
	(iii)	संस्कृतविषये मम (90) अङ्गाः सन्ति ।	
у8.	कोष्ठ	गतशब्दे उचितविभक्तिं प्रयुज्य वाक्यं पुनः उत्तरपुस्तिकायां लिखत -	(2x1=2)
	(i)	अलं। (विषाद)	
	(ii)	अध्यापकः स्निह्यति । (शिष्य)	
Я 9.	उचित	ाशब्दरूपैः रिक्तस्थानानि पूरियत्वा वाक्यानि पुनः लिखत -	$(4 \times 1 = 4)$
	(i)	हे! अहं नमामि। (मुनि)	
	(11)	तस्य समीपे मम पुस्तकम् अस्ति। (मातृ - पष्ठी विभक्षितः, एकवचनम्)	1
	(iii)	फूर्ज मधुरं नास्ति । (इदम्)	
	(iv)	कविः सह गच्छति । (राजन्)	

प्र10	. उचित	धातुरूपेः रिक्तस्थानानि पूरियत्वा वाक्यानि पुनः लिखत -	(4x1=4)
	(i)	श्वः त्यं नाटकं। (दृश्)	
	(ii)	ते तत्र गत्वा अध्यापकं। (नम् - लोट् लकारे)	7
	(iii)	पुरा एकः नृपः। (अस्)	
	(iv)	वयम् भोजनं। (खाद्)	
प्र11.	निम्न	वाक्यानि शुद्धं कृत्या पुनः लिखत -	(3x1=3)
	(i)	लता चतुरः बालिका अस्ति।	
	(ii)	युवाम् उच्चैः इसावः।	
	(iii)	ह्यः रामः तत्र न गमिष्यति ।	
		खण्डः 'घ' (पटित अववोधनम्)	अङ्गाः 30
я12.	अधोर्ग	लेखितं गद्यांशं पठित्वा प्रदत्तप्रश्नानां उत्तराणि लिखत -	(5)
	लोमधि	शिका चञ्चलं अकथयत् - बाढम्, त्वं जालं प्रसारय। पुनः सा व्याघ्रम् अवदत्	
	एतस्	नन् जाले बद्धः इति अहं प्रत्यक्षं द्रष्टुम् इच्छामि । व्याघ्रः तद् वृत्तान्तं प्रदर्शयितुं र्ता	रेमन जाले प्राविशत।
	लोमधि	राका पुनः अकथयत् - सम्प्रति पुनः पुनः कूर्दनम् कृत्वा दर्शय । सः तथैव समाच	रत्। अनारतं कुर्दनेन
		न्तः अभवत्।	
	I.	एकपदेन उत्तरत -	(2x½=1)
		(i) कः श्रान्तः अभवत्?	
		(ii) का चञ्चलम् अकथयत्?	
	II.	पूर्णवाक्येन उत्तरत -	(2x1=2)
*		(i) व्याघ्रः किमर्थं तस्मिन् जाले प्राविशत्?	
		(ii) अन्ते लोमशिका पुनः किम् अकथयत्?	
	III.	यथानिर्देशम् उत्तरत -	(4x½=2)
		(i) 'क्लान्तः' अस्य किम् पर्यायपदम् अत्र प्रयुक्तम्?	
		(ii) 'एतस्मिन् जाले' अनयोः पदयोः विशेषणपदम् किम्?	
		(iii) 'इच्छामि' क्रियापदस्य कर्तृपदम् किम्?	
		(iv) 'अप्रत्यक्षम्' अस्य किम् विलोमपदम् अत्र प्रयुक्तम्?	
я13.	अधोति	गिखतं पद्यांशं पठित्या प्रदत्तप्रश्नानाम् उत्तराणि लिखतं -	(5)
	शनैर्या	दे यामि चिररात्राय विलपिष्यति गृहे बालः।	
	हुतं या	दे यामि वसनं मे भवेदाई सलिलवेगैः॥	
	I.	एकपदेन उत्तरत	(2x½≡1)
		(n) कः विवासिकावित्र	

	(ii)	्बालः कुत्र अस्ति? 🚃 अतिहासका विकास क्रिकेट विकास क्रिकेट	
11	पूर्वात	ा ाचेन प्रतारत =	(1111≡1)
	जल्द	हिनी यदि हुतं गच्छेत् तर्हि कि स्यात्?	100 A 111 A
II		नेर्देशम् उत्तरत -	Transfer Miles
	(i)	'गच्छामि' इति अर्थे किम् पदम् अत्र प्रयुक्तम्?	F (vi)
	(ii)	'द्वतम्' अस्य किम् विलोमपदम् अत्र प्रयुक्तम्?	SHIT SUPPLE
	(iii)	'आर्द्रं वसनम्' अनयोः पदयोः विशेषणपदं किम्?	III.
	(iv)	'वस्त्रम्' अस्य किम् पर्यायपदम् अत्र प्रयुक्तम्?	
14. अ	धोलिखितं	संवादं पठित्वा प्रदत्तप्रश्नानां उत्तराणि लिखत -	(5)
क	चनार् -	- भवतु, बहुधा प्रयुक्तस्य प्लास्टिकस्य दूरगामिनः घातकाः परिणामाः वयं	न द्रष्टुं शक्नुमः।
		प्लास्टिकं कदापि न गलति, न च अपक्षीयते। यथा - अन्यानि वस्तूनि र्व	वेनश्य मृत्तिकायां
		विलीयन्ते ।	
चे	नम्मा -	- प्लास्टिकस्य मृत्तिकायां लयाभावात् अस्माकं पर्यावरणस्य कृते महती क्षतिः	भवति ।
रि	पञ्ची -	एकेन पदार्थेन अपरः पदार्थः सृज्यते, अथवा विनिष्टं वस्तुः मृत्तिकायां मिर्ला	ते। परं प्लास्टिके
		इयं प्रक्रिया असम्भवा एव।	
I.	एकप	देन उत्तरत -	(2x½=1)
	(i)	अन्यानि वस्तूनि विनश्य कस्यां विलीयन्ते?	
	(ii)	किम् कदापि न गलति?	
II.	. पूर्णवा	क्येन उत्तरत -	(2x1=2)
	(i)	वयं किं न द्रष्टुम् शक्नुमः?	
	(ii)	प्लास्टिकस्य मृत्तिकायां लयाभावात् किम् भवति?	
III	. यथानि	नेर्देशम् उत्तरत -	(4x½=2)
	(i)	'सम्भवा' अस्य किम् विलोमपदम् अत्र प्रयुक्तम्?	
	(ii)	'शक्नुमः' अस्य क्रियापदस्य कर्तृपदम् किम्?	
	(iii)	'अन्यः' अस्य किम् पर्यायपदम् अत्र प्रयुक्तम्?	News.
	(iv)	'अन्यानि वस्तूनि' अनयोः पदयोः विशेषणपदम् किम् अस्ति?	
15. अ	धोलिखित-	श्लोकस्य अन्वयम् उचितक्रमेण पूरियत्वा उत्तरपुरितकायां पुनः लिखत -	(4x1=4)
गि	रिशिखरे न	नु निजनिकेतनम् विनैव यानं नगारोहणम्।	
बर	नं स्वकीयं	भवति साधनम् सदैव पुरतो निधेहि चरणम् ॥	
अ		नु निजनिकेतनम् (i) यानं विना एव नगारोहणम्। स्यकीयं	(ii)
1	स	ाधन (iii) सदैव (iv) पुरतः निधेहि।	

प्र16.	अधोरि	खित-वाक्येषु रेखांकितपदानि	आधृत्य प्रश्ननिर्माणं कुरुत अविति विति विति विति विति	(4x1=4)
	(i)	आर्यभटस्य वेधशाला पाटलिपुः	त्रं आसीत्।	
	(ii)	प्रेमली प्रेमलस्य पत्नी आसीत्	Common to his Water by the Helleries	
	(iii)	आर्यभटेन आर्यभटीयम् रंचितम		
	(iv)	निकटे कूपः वर्तते।		
प्र17.	अधोलि	खित-वाक्यानि घटनाक्रमानुसारे	रण पुनः लिखत - विकित विकित्त करिए हिन्स विकित्त विकित्त विकित्त विकित्त विकित्त विकित्त विकित्त विकित्त विकित्त	(8x½=4)
	(i)		त्भत । एक वर्ष । एक वर्ष के इसका के कि	
	(ii)	गुहायां कोऽपि अस्ति इति शृग	॥लस्य विचारः।	1
	(iii)	दूरं पलायमानः शृगालः श्लोक	म् अपठत् । कारानाः वातान्यसार्वातः वाववीतः वाववः विकास	Singer April
	(iv)	क्षुधार्तः सिंहः महतीं गुहाम् अ	पश्यत्। अस्तर्भितिक जानसम्य महाम अस्ति सन्तर्भ	
	(v)	सर्वे पशवः भयभीताः अभवन्	FOREST DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY.	
	(vi)	सिंहः शृगालस्य आह्वानम् अव	करोत् 🖂 🔟 🐃 अस्तर्भावन 🖂 अस्तर्भावन	X
	(vii)	सिंहः अचिन्तयत् - नूनं रात्रौ	कोऽपि जीवः गुहायाम् आगच्छति।	
	(viii)	गुहा सिंहोच्चगर्जन-प्रतिध्वनिना	प्रतिध्वनिता।	
प्र18.	अर्थैः व	प्तह शब्दानाम् मेलनं कृत्वा उत्त	रपुस्तिकायाम् पुनः लिखतः - 🚃 🖂 🔛	$(6x^{1/2}=3)$
	शब्दाः		अर्थाः	
	लोके	1 2 27 1991	पर्वत कराहरी से स्टब्स्टिस्ट्रिय स्थापन है	
	कुम्भम्	(). का शक्काम् अवस्थात्	रविः । १६६० - विकास स्वर्धाः ४००	
	सूर्यः	riciale verile :	संसारे	
	चरणौ		शीघ्रम् ।	
	गिरि		घटम् ।	
	झिटिति	and the second	पादौ	

पादौ

झटिति

CLASS: VIII

SUBJECT: SOCIAL SCIENCE

Time: 3 hrs

MM: 80

General Instructions:

- (i) Read all the questions carefully and number the answers according to the questions.
- (ii) Questions carrying 1 mark should be answered in one sentence.
- (iii) Questions carrying 3 marks should be answered within 60-80 words.
- (iv) Questions carrying 5 marks should be answered within 80-100 words.
- (v) Attach the maps properly to the main sheet.
- Q1. Answer the following questions in one sentence each: (6x1=6)
 - (i) 'She founded a widows' home to provide shelter to ill treated women'. Name her.
 - (ii) Define smelting.
 - (iii) Which Article of the Indian Constitution states that practising untouchability in any form is a punishable crime?
 - (iv) What do you mean by law enforcement?
 - (v) If the population pyramid of the country is broad at the base and narrow towards the top, what does it represent?
 - (vi) Which is the largest textile by of India?

Q2. Discuss the role of planning commission imm	edistalu
after independence.	(3)
'Q3. 'He was the founder of Brahmo Samaj'. Iden	tilv him
and write the contributions made by him.	(1+2=3)
Q4. What were the problems faced by Indian tex	rtilee in
European countries during the 18th centur	v? (3)
Q5. The Constitution demarcates the powers of the and state government through three lists'. E	central xplain.
A serious carrying I mark should be ensuered	(3)
Q6. Discuss the impact of marginalisation on ad	ivasis.
	(3)
Q7. Why do you think the government must assur	me the
overall responsibility for the provision of	public
racinges?	(3)
Q8. What do you understand by the term minority	2 Civa
any two reasons why the Constitution protect	ts the
innority communities. (1	+2=3)
Q9. 'Resources can be classified into three I	oroad
categories'. Discuss.	(3)
Q10. Write a short note on plantation agriculture.	(3)
Q11. Distinguish between actual and potential recor	irces.
THE ACCORDING MAINTAIN TO DELLA GORAGE ASSET	(3)
Q12. This fibre crop is also known as golden fibre'. Ide	entify
it and write the geographical conditions require	d for
its growth, no was no again may on sailwing (14	2=3)
Q13. The conflict between Bengal nawabs and the	Fast
india Company eventually led to the Battle of Plas	ssev'.
Discuss.	(5)
Q14. Discuss the features of Non-cooperation movem	ient.
	(5)

- Q15. (a) Why do foreign companies set up their production units in India?
 - (b) 'A law on minimum wages is an important need'.
 Give two reasons. (3+2=5)
- Q16. What is reservation policy? Briefly explain its working. (1+4=5)
- Q17. Explain the key features of the Indian Constitution.
- Q18. Discuss the geographical factors responsible for uneven distribution of population in the world. (5)
- Q19. (a) Which industry is known as feeder industry?
 - (b) Classify industries on the basis of ownership.

Q20. Attempt the following maps:

- (a) On the provided political map of India, name and mark the following: (3x1=3)
 - (i) An area ruled by Ranjit Singh.
 - (ii) Place where non-cooperation movement was called off.
 - (iii) State where Bhilai steel plant was set up.
- (b) On the provided political map of the world, name and mark the following: (3x1=3)
 - (i) The most sparsely populated country.
 - (ii) Manchester of Japan.
 - (iii) Silicon plateau

ANNUAL EXAMINATION

3/2018

CLASS: VIII

SUBJECT: FRENCH

Time: 3 hrs

MM: 80

General Instructions:

- (i) Read all the questions carefully.
- (ii) Number the answers as given in the question paper.
- (ii) Write in a neat and clear handwriting.
- (iii) Write the answers in complete sentences.

SECTION-A [COMPRÉHENSION ÉCRITE]

Al. Lisez:

Bonjour! Je suis Laura et je suis née à New York. Mon mari est né à Madrid. Il s'appelle Paulo, Nous nous sommes mariés il y a deux ans. Maintenant nous habitons à Paris. Avant Paris, nous sommes restés à Londres pour deux ans. Nous sommes partis de Londres en 2016. J'aime Paris plus que Londres. J'ai vu tous les monuments et j'adore le Louvre. J'ai visité ce musée plusieurs fois. Nous aimons la cuisine ici et surtout les fromages comme brie et reblochon.

Al.1 Répondez aux questions.

(2x1=2)

- i) Quelles sont les choses que Laura aime à Paris?
- (ii) Laura et Paulo se sont mariés depuis combien d'années?

A1.2 Dites vrai ou faux.

(4x1=4)

- (i) Laura habite à Londres.
- (ii) Elle est née à Madrid.
- (iii) Elle a vu tous les monuments.
- (iv) Ils sont restés à Londres pour deux ans.

A	1.3 D	onnez l'infinitif,	(4x½=2
	(1)	né =(ii) partis	
	(iii	i) vu = (iv) suis =	<u> </u>
A	2. Lis	sez le texte.	
A2	et e pra ont TG Bel et p	train à grande vitesse (TGV) est en circ début des années 80. Beaucoup de voya étrangers utilisent ce train. Ils trouven atique et économique. Toutes les grandes v t une garede TGV. En reliant les villes en V a des noms différents. Pour aller en gique ou aux Pays-Bas, le TGV est nomé bour aller à Londres, le TGV est nommé bondez.	geurs français t ce train plus rilles en France Propéennes, le Allemagne, en
	(i)	Qu'est-ce que c'est le TGV?	(2X1=2)
, 201	(ii)	Quel est le nom de TGV qui va à Lond	drac?
A2.	2 Dite	es vrai ou faux.	
	(i)	Le TGV qui va aux Pays-Bas est le Th	(4x1=4)
	(ii)	Il est en circulation depuis le début de	arys.
	(iii)	Beaucoup de voyageurs anglais utilise	ent on train
	(iv)	Toutes les grandes villes en France on TGV.	t une garede
A2,	3 Com	plétez avec un mot du texte.	$(2x\frac{1}{2}=1)$
	(i)	Je suis allé chercher mon oncle à la train)	(2A72≡1) (gare/
	(ii)	En France, nous pouvons trouver(grande/beaucoup de)	fromages.
		SECTION-B [EXPRESSION ÉCRITE]	
B1.	Quels	sont vos projets d'avenir. Écrivez 6-7 p	projets. (5)
32.	Mette	z le dialogue en ordre.	projets. (5)
		: Bonjour monsieur	(9)
		Ové : Out madame Volla los obsers	

Client : Je vais prendre une baguette et six pains au

chocolat.

Employé : Merci madame.

Client : Pour finir, je veux une brioche, s'il vous plaît.

Employé : Bonjour madame, qu'est-ce que vous désirez?

Client : Voilà 6 euros 20.

Employé : Alors, une baguette, six pains au chocolat et

une brioche. 6 euros 20, s'il vous plaît.

Client : Merci. Ça fait combien?

Employé : Voilà, quoi d'autre?

Client : Merci monsieur. Au revoir!

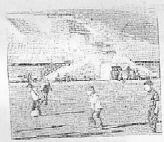
B3. Vous invitez votre ami(e) pour votre anniversaire. Rédigez

cette invitation.

(2+3=5)

B4. Regardez l'image et répondez.
(a) (i) Qu'est-ce que c'est?

(ii) Que les enfants, jouent-ils?



(b) (i) Quel magasin est-il?

(ii) Que peut-on acheter de ce magasin? Nommez deux choses.



SECTION-C [GRAMMAIRE]

C1	. Coc	hez la bonne réponsc.	(10x =5)					
	- (i)	Hier, j'ai (connu/reçu/été) une carte.						
	(ii)	(ii) Marie donne le sac (au/â l'/â) homme.						
	(iii)	(iii) Elle aime (la/dc la/le) salade verte.						
	(iv)	(iv) C'est le parapluie (du/d'/de) Antoine.						
	(v)	(v) Nous avons (pris/mis/compris) le couvert.						
	(vi)							
	(vii)	(vii) Vous (êtes/avez/allez) sorti hier soir.						
	(viii)	Angeline et sa mère sont (allées/allés cinéma.	/alles) au					
	(ix)	Je ne mange pas (de/des/d') tartines.						
	(x)	Tu as (un/une/des) chapeau noir.						
C2.	Mett	cz les verbes au futur simple.	(5x1=5)					
	(i)	II beau demain. (faire)						
	(ii)	J' une lettre (envoyer)						
	(iii)	(iii) Quand ils le projet? (finir)						
	(iv)	Moniquele bus. (attendre)						
	(v)	Tu travailler seul. (devoir)						
C3.	Conj	Conjuguez les verbes pronominaux au passé composé à						
	la for	me affirmative.	(3x1=3)					
	(i)	Il <u>se coucher</u> .						
	(ii)	Vous <u>se laver</u> .						
	(iii)	Elles <u>s'habiller</u> .						
C4.	Mette	Mettez au négatif. (3x1=3)						
	(I) Victor voit quelqu'un dans la chambre.							
	(ii)							
		Tu vas encore à l'école.						

C5	. Tre	unsformez les phras	ses à l'impéra	tif.	(3x1=3)			
. 0	(i)	Tu ouvres ta bou	iche.					
	(ii)	Vous mangez ch	ez Luc.					
	(iii)	Nous nous levon	sà 6h.					
C6.	. Met	ttez les phrases sui	vantes à la fo	rme inte r r	ogative en			
	util	isant la forme men	tionée.		(3x1=3)			
	(i)	Ils mangent peu	de chocolat	(II)				
	(ii)	Nous aimons les	fruits. (III)					
	(iii)	Le tableau est ba	is. (I)					
C7.	Dor	Donnez le participe passé des verbes suivants. $(4x\frac{1}{2}=2)$						
	(i)	naïtre	(ii)	remplir_	1			
	(iii)	falloir	(iv)					
C8.	Cor	rigez la faute.			(2x1=2)			
	(i)	Lisa est été fatigu	ıéė.					
	(ii)	Je fais de crêpes	le soir.					
C9.	Retr	ouvez les phrases.			(2x1=2)			
	(i)	sont/à/heures/Il	s/arrivés/dix					
	(ii)	une/robe/eu/bell	le/Elle/a/rou	ıge				
C10.	. Cha	ssez l'intrus.			(4x½=2)			
	(i)	mort, bu, retourn	é, descendre					
	(ii)	du, de la, des, au	X					
	(iii)	banque, restaurai	nt, musée, th	éåtre				
	(iv)	monter, rentrer, a	rriver, passer	######################################				
	SEC:	TION-D [LA CULTU	RE ET LA CI	VILISATIO	ON			
D1.		s vrai ou faux.			(5x1≡5)			
	(i)	사용 경우를 통해 있다면 하면						
	(ii)	Il faut employer bi	en le temps.					
	(111)	Il y a plus de 300	sortes de fron	nages en F	rance.			

	(iv)	Le thé	âtre de Guignol e	est un théa	tre de marionnettes.
¥	(v)	Diwal	i est une fête fr	ançaise.	
D2.	Chois	sissez	la bonne répons	se.	(10x½=5)
	(i)	La Ba	silique de Four tre Dame.	vière est	une belle
		(a)	bibliothèque	(p)	église
		(c)			10
	(ii)	Dans	un repas organis	sé, on comi	nence avec
			du café	(b)	des hors-d'œuvre
		(c)	du dessert		
	(iii)	À Ma	rseille,	_•	
		(a)	Il fera chaud	(b)	Il fera beau
		(c)	Il fera froid		
	(iv)	Mme	. Lavigne a mal		-
		(a)	aux jambes	(b)	à la tête
		(c)	à l'estomac		
	(v)	Les français mangent le déjeuner à			
		(a)	13 h	(b)	8 h
		(c)	10 h		
	(vi)	Unj	ays francophor	ne est	
		(a)	L'Inde	(b)	Le Pakistan
		(c)	La Belgique	11.01 3896	
	(vii)	Les	français sont e	experts da	ns la fabrication des
		(a)	vins	(b)	fromages
			parfums		ist op to be eat of 110
				ins frança	ais est le
	[VII	ı, ı) (a)	RER		
			Renault		
		(c)	LCHAR		

	(1X)	est la capitale de la naute couture.						
66		(a) Lyon	(b) Paris					
-		(c) Nice						
	(x)	Le mariage de Patrick avec Christine est leoctobre.						
		(a) 27	(b) 25					
		(e) 28						
D3.	Reli	ez les colonnes A et B :	(6x½=3)					
		$\Lambda = \{ 1, \dots, n \}$	В					
	(i)	La bijouterie (a)	Peugeot					
	(ii)	La voiture française (b)	la fusée Arianne					
	(iii)	Le monument français (c)	des bijoux					
	(iv)	L'avion (d)	des fleurs					
	(v)	Le fleuriste (e)	le Panthéon					
	(vi)	Le stade (f)	jouer au foot					
D4.	Répo	ondez aux questions.	(2x1=2)					
	(i)	Qu'est-ce qu' Aneesh a annoncé?						
	(ii)	Qui est né? Comment s'appelle l'enfant?						